Report to Cabinet



Revenue Monitor and Capital Investment Programme 2022/23 Month 8 – November 2022

Portfolio Holder: Councillor Abdul Jabbar MBE, Deputy Leader and Cabinet Member for Finance & Low Carbon

Officer Contact: Anne Ryans, Director of Finance

Report Author: Anne Ryans, Director of Finance **Ext.** 4902

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Reason for Decision

The report provides Cabinet with an update on the Council's 2022/23 forecast revenue budget position at Annex 1 and the financial position of the capital programme as at 30 November 2022 (Month 8) together with the revised capital programme 2022/23 to 2027/28, as outlined in section two of the report at Annex 2.

Executive Summary

Revenue Position

The forecast outturn position for 2022/23 is a projected deficit variance of £2.233m after allowing for approved and pending transfers to and from reserves. An operational deficit of \pounds 3.233m reduces by £1.000m with the anticipated effect of management actions and strengthened restrictions in relation to expenditure and recruitment. Whilst improving, it is recognised that this remains a challenging position and every effort will be made to reduce the overall variance before the year end.

The position includes additional costs and pressures that have been identified by the Authority in this financial year as a result of the lasting impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. There are currently two areas which continue to endure significant pressures attributed to the on-going impact of the pandemic; Community Health and Adult Social Care is reporting an adverse variance of £5.717m and Children's Social Care is recording £3.477m. These pressures are being offset against a corporate provision of £12.000m COVID-19 Legacy funding which was set aside during the 2022/23 budget setting process specifically to mitigate the on-going costs of the pandemic. The residual balance of £2.806m is being used to reduce the operational pressure. This will be monitored for the remainder of the financial

year with action taken to address variances and take mitigating action as detailed in the report.

An update on the major issues driving the projections is detailed within Annex 1, Section 2.

The forecast pressure of £2.233m at Month 8 is a £2.219m reduction in the adverse position of £4.452m reported at quarter 2 and forecasts the impact of, as previously reported, the management actions that have been strengthened across all service areas to review and challenge planned expenditure, control recruitment and to maximise income. It is therefore anticipated that by the year end, the outturn deficit position should reduce further and that this will be demonstrated in the final monitoring report which will be presented to Cabinet at month 9.

Information on the Month 8 position of the Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG), Housing Revenue Account (HRA) and Collection Fund is also outlined in the report.

Against a generally improving position, the DSG is now forecasting an in-year surplus of £3.287m (£3.215m at quarter 2), which has reversed the deficit brought forward leaving a forecast year end surplus of £0.514m (£0.442m at quarter 2). Action will continue to be taken with the aim of mitigating cost pressures and delivering and maintaining a surplus position. To assist, Oldham has been invited by the Government to take part in the Delivering Better Value in SEND (Special Educational Needs and Disabilities) Programme which will provide dedicated support for the SEND Review reforms to 55 Local Authorities with historical DSG deficit issues with the aim of putting the DSG of participating Authorities on a more financially sustainable footing.

There are currently no significant issues of concern in relation to the HRA.

The Collection Fund is forecasting an in-year surplus of £0.060m which in turn contributes to an estimated surplus of £4.179m being carried forward into 2023/24. The Collection Fund has been particularly volatile largely as a result of COVID-19. Whilst it is currently in a surplus position, it will continue to be closely monitored for the remainder of the year as any surplus or deficit at the end of the financial year will have a direct impact in 2023/24.

Capital Position

The report outlines the most up to date capital spending position for 2022/23 to 2027/28 for approved schemes. The revised capital programme budget for 2022/23 is £59.113m at the close of month 8, a net decrease of £41.135 from the original budget of £100.248m. Actual expenditure to 30 September 2022 was £29.531m (49.96% of the forecast outturn).

It is likely that the forecast position will continue to change as the year draws to a close with additional re-profiling into future years.

The Month 8 Revenue Monitor and the Capital Investment Programme 2022/23 report was presented to the Policy Overview and Scrutiny Committee on 26 January 2023 to accompany the suite of 2023/24 budget reports. The Committee was content to note the report and commend it to Cabinet for approval.

Recommendations

That Cabinet approves the:

- 1. Forecast revenue outturn for 2022/23 at Month 8 being a £2.233m adverse variance having regard to the action being taken to manage expenditure
- 2. Forecast positions for the Dedicated Schools Grant, Housing Revenue Account and Collection Fund
- 3. Revised capital programme for 2022/23 and the forecast for the financial years to 2027/28 as at Month 8.

Cabinet

Revenue Monitor and Capital Investment Programme 2022/23 Month 8 – November 2022

1 Background

- 1.1 The Authority's 2022/23 revenue budget and capital programme was approved by Council on 2 March 2022. Under established budget procedures, all services are required to monitor and review their approved revenue and capital budgets during the financial year. This is reported to Cabinet on a quarterly basis with this additional report at month 8 which is used to inform the budget setting process for the following financial year.
- 1.2 As part of the budget monitoring process, the forecast year-end position for revenue and capital has been prepared by all services as follows:
 - a) The revenue forecast is based on a comparison of profiled budgets to the actual position as at the end of Month 8 together with known commitments, issues and planned management actions.
 - b) The capital programme forecast has been based on notified revisions to the approved 2022/23 position including the final 2021/22 outturn, new grant notifications and an initial rephasing of the approved capital programme including an assessment of the impact of COVID-19 and the Annual Review.
- 1.3 As the year progresses the outturn projections will reflect the evolving position of management actions put in place to mitigate in-year pressures, new developments and changes in the profile of planned expenditure and of course any additional support that the Government may provide.
- 1.4 As previously reported the financial reporting structure of the Council has been revised for 2022/23 and both the revenue and capital positions are presented in the revised format.

2. Current position

- 2.1 The forecast revenue outturn for 2022/23 is an adverse variance of £2.233m compared to £4.452m at Quarter 2. Further details of the current revenue budget position and a full description of the forecast can be found in Annex 1. The pressures within Community Health and Adult Social Care and Children's Services relating to COVID-19 total £9.194m and are to be funded from the £12.000m COVID-19 Legacy funding which is held corporately. In addition to the COVID-19 related pressure, there is also a 'business as usual' overspend of £6.040m which reduces to £3.233m with the offset of the £2.806m unallocated COVID-19 Legacy funding. The most notable areas of forecast, operational overspending remain Community Health and Adult Social Services, Children's Services and Place and Economic Growth. The operational pressure reduces by a further £1,000m with the anticipated impact of strengthened expenditure and recruitment restrictions and the full year effect of management actions to deliver a deficit year end variance of £2.233m. It was initially anticipated that the combined effect of these measures together with any additional funding that might be used to offset Adult Social Care pressures would reduce the year-end adverse outturn by £1.720m. At month 8, services have delivered £0.720m of the required target thus leaving a balance of £1,000m which it is now assumed will be achieved by the year end to produce a forecast deficit of £2.233m.
- 2.2 The total Directorate variances amount to a pressure of £15.234m before the application of the £12.000m COVID-19 Legacy funding as detailed in Annex 1 at Tables 1 and 2. As advised above, this consists of an operational overspend of £6.040m. This is comprised of Community Health and Adult Social Care reporting a pressure of £4.599m (£5.717m COVID related) and Children's Services reporting an adverse variance of £12.044m (£3.477m COVID related).

There is a further adverse business as usual variance of \pounds 3.036m within Place and Economic Growth. There are favourable variances of \pounds 0.434m within Public Health, \pounds 0.262m within Communities and \pounds 0.714m in Corporate Services. Capital, Treasury and Technical Accounting is reporting a favourable, operational variance of \pounds 3.036m.

- 2.3 It should be noted that one of the approved 2022/23 Budget Reductions within Children's Services with a value of £0.500m is classified 'Red' and forecast not to be delivered. In addition, there are a further five Budget Reductions, two within Place and Economic Growth and three within Corporate Services, with a combined value of £3.353m rated 'Amber/Red off track and will only deliver part of the saving' and which are reporting to have achieved £0.937m to month 8 of the financial year. An assessment has been made of the impact on the 2023/24 budget and adjustments totalling £2.895m have been made to the estimates.
- 2.4 However, taking an approach to allocating the COVID-19 Legacy funding against the COVID-19 related costs incurred and using the information in Tables 1 and 2 of Annex 1, the table below shows the net impact across all Directorate areas, essentially negating the COVID variance in Community Health and Adult Social Care and Children's Services, leaving a funding balance of £2.806m which reduces the business as usual pressure from £6.040m to £3.233m.
- 2.5 Management action has been strengthened with regard to reviewing expenditure and also recruitment to vacant posts and this is expected to reduce the overall outturn position by a further £1.000m to an adverse variance of £2.233m as shown in the table below.

Portfolio Area	COVID-19 Cost included in Forecasts £000	Apportion COVID-19 Legacy Funding £000	Business as Usual Pressure £000	Total Net Pressure Month 8 £000	Total Net Pressure Quarter 2 £000
Community Health and Adult Social Care	5,717	(5,717)	(1,118)	(1,118)	1,015
Children's Services	3,477	(3,477)	8,567	8,567	7,336
Public Health	-	-	(434)	(434)	(339)
Communities	-	-	(262)	(262)	(299)
Place and Economic Growth	-	-	3,036	3,036	2,717
Corporate Services	-	-	(714)	(714)	(339)
Capital, Treasury and Corporate Accounting Unallocated COVID-19 Funding	-	(2,806)	(3,036)	(3,036) (2,806)	(2,909)
Ŭ	-	(2,000)	-	(2,000)	(1,011)
Forecast Variance before Management Action	9,194	(12,000)	6,040	3,233	6,171
Impact of Management Actions/ Spending Restrictions	-	-	-	(1,000)	(1,720)
Total	9,194	(12,000)	6,040	2,233	4,452

2.6 There remains in 2022/23 a high degree of estimation with regard to the lasting impact of COVID-19 and also with the emerging cost pressures in relation to utilities and fuel, the impact of cost of living pressures on pay awards and also interest rates. The forecasting of the likely impact of all these factors on the Council's budget is based on both the actual expenditure and the income position recorded to date but also relies on a series of assumptions. These assumptions are constantly being updated in the light of national and

indeed international influences. The month 9 report will advise of the progress of mitigating factors and management actions to control and reduce the forecast deficit.

- 2.7 As this financial monitoring report reflects the financial position at month 8, it can be regarded as an indication of the year end position. Every effort will be made to further reduce the forecast variance by the year end to mitigate any potential impact on the 2023/24 budget setting process, together with the projected budget gap for the next year.
- 2.8 The original approved capital programme for 2022/23 totalled £100.248m. The revised capital programme as at month 8 taking account of approved carry forwards, approved new funding, new schemes and variations and proposed variations/ re-phasing gives projected revised expenditure of £59.113m. Actual expenditure at month 8 was £29.531m (49.96% of the forecast outturn). Further details of expenditure and schemes within the capital programme can be found in Annex 2.

3 Options/Alternatives

- 3.1 The options that Cabinet might consider in relation to the contents of this report are;
 - a) to approve the forecast revenue and capital positions presented in the report including proposed changes
 - b) to approve some of the forecasts and changes included in the report
 - c) not to approve any of the forecasts and changes included in the report

4 Preferred Option

4.1 The preferred option is that the Cabinet approves all the forecasts and changes within this report; option (a) at 3.1.

5 Consultation

5.1 Consultation with the services within the Council, the Director of Finance and the Policy Overview and Scrutiny Committee at its meeting on 26 January 2023 where the Committee noted the report and commended it to Cabinet for approval.

6 Financial Implications

6.1 The full financial implications are detailed in the report.

7 Legal Services Comments

7.1 There are no legal issues at this time.

8 Co-operative Agenda

- 8.1 Improving the quality and timeliness of the financial information available to citizens of Oldham supports the co-operative ethos of the Council.
- 8.2 The revenue budget and capital strategy/ programme have been prepared so that they embrace the Council's co-operative agenda with resources being directed towards projects that enhance the aims, objectives and co-operative ethos of the Council. Ongoing budget monitoring is key to ensuring this objective is met.

9 Human Resources Comments

9.1 There are no Human Resource implications.

10 Risk Assessments

10.1 The risk is that the proposed management actions are not achieved in full. Should this be the case then alternatives will be sought and implemented.

11 IT Implications

- 11.1 There are no IT implications.
- 12 Property Implications
- 12.1 There are no Property implications.

13 Procurement Implications

13.1 There are no Procurement implications.

14 Environmental and Health & Safety Implications

14.1 There are no Environmental and Health and Safety implications.

15 Equality, Community Cohesion and Crime Implications

- 15.1 There are no Equality, Community Cohesion and Crime implications.
- 16 Implications for Children and Young People
- 16.1 There are no direct implications for Children and Young People

17 Equality Impact Assessment Completed

- 17.1 Not Applicable.
- 18 Key Decision
- 18.1 Yes
- 19 Key Decision Reference
- 19.1 FLC-16-22

20 Background Papers

20.1 The following is a list of background papers on which this report is based in accordance with the requirements of Section 100(1) of the Local Government Act 1972. It does not include documents which would disclose exempt or confidential information as defined by the Act:

File Ref: Officer Name: Contact:	Revenue Background Papers are contained in Annex 1 including Appendices 1, 2 and 3 Andy Cooper andy.cooper@oldham.gov.uk
File Ref: Officer Name: Contact No:	Capital Background Papers are contained in Annex 2 including Appendices A to I Lee Walsh lee.walsh@oldham.gov.uk

21 Appendices

Annex 1	Revenue Budget Monitoring Report 2022/23 Month 8 - November 2022
Appendix 1 Appendix 2 Appendix 3	Financing of the 2022/23 Revenue Budget at Month 8 Analysis of Grants Summary of 2022/23 Budget Reductions and Deliverability
Annex 2	Capital Investment Programme Report 2022/23 Month 8 – November 2022
Appendix A Appendix B Appendix C Appendix D Appendix E Appendix F Appendix G Appendix H Appendix I	SUMMARY – Month 8 - Community Health & Adult Social Care SUMMARY – Month 8 - Children's Services SUMMARY – Month 8 - Communities SUMMARY – Month 8 - Place and Economic Growth SUMMARY – Month 8 - Housing Revenue Account (HRA) SUMMARY – Month 8 - Corporate/ Information Technology SUMMARY – Month 8 - Capital, Treasury and Technical Accounting SUMMARY – Month 8 - Funds for Emerging Priorities SUMMARY – Month 8 - Proposed Changes